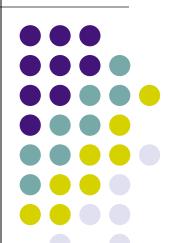
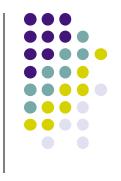
# Working Between Confrontation and Harmony

--- Investigation of Employment Practices of Chinese Enterprises in Africa

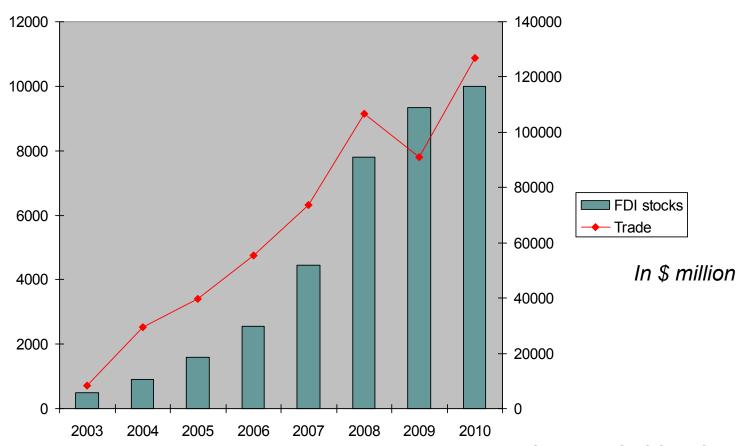


TANG, Xiaoyang Tsinghua University





Rapid growth of Chinese economic activities in Africa



Source: MOFCOM of P.R.C.

# **Background**

- Areas of Investment
  - Construction
  - Energy
  - Mining
  - Manufacturing
  - Telecom
  - Agriculture
  - Service





### **Employment**

- Topics
  - Influx of Chinese Workers?
  - Low Wages?
  - Poor working conditions?

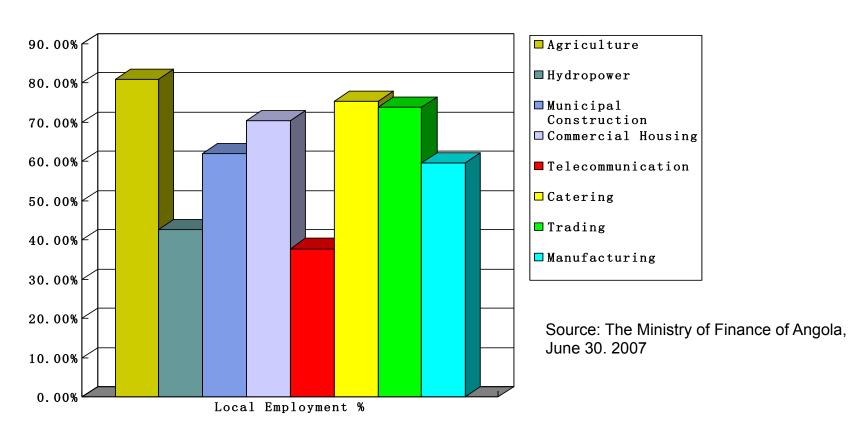
- Hard work?
- Disciplines?





### Influx of Chinese Workers?

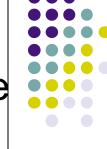
- State of Local Employment
  - Various ratios of local worker by sectors





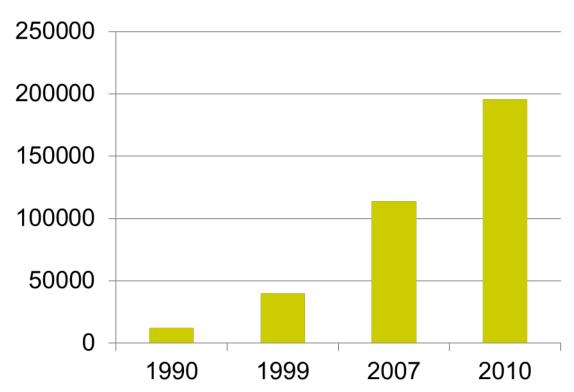
	Com- panies		Approx. # of Chinese	Tenants: Approx. # of African Workers
Egypt				
TEDA	49	38	103	1102
Zambia Chambish Nigeria Lekki	36 26			
Mauritius Jinfei	n/a	0	n/a	n/a
Nigeria Ogun	34	7	177	1619
Ethiopia Eastern	12	6	300	1600

Source: Field research



 a large number of Chinese workers have come to Africa recently.

#### **Number of Chinese Workers in Africa**



Source: MOFCOM

- employment of local workers is both encouraged by governments and motivated by economic calculation (reduce labor costs)
- early reliance on Chinese employees
- related to Chinese companies' labor intensive business models.
- short term need and long term trend

# Low Wages?

No clear unambiguous answer

Case study: two Chinese tanneries in Ethiopia







# Low Wages?



- Quick return vs. long term investment
- Low wages first and increasing pay incrementally
- Chinese perspective vs. African perspective?
- Employer perspective vs. employee perspective?

## Poor working conditions?

Investment first and enjoyment later:
 "eat bitterness" and African acceptance





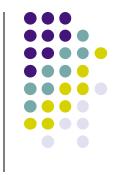
Divergent views on working and living conditions

e.g. labor protection and safety issues in mining

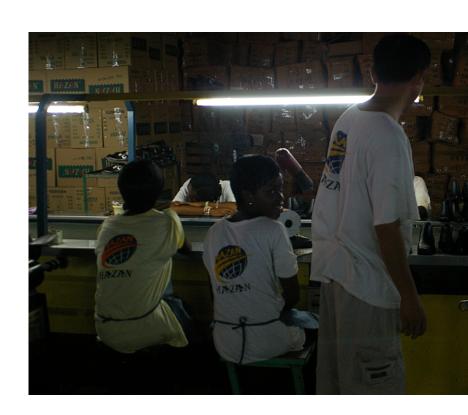
3 accidents/week vs. 1 accident/month



#### Hard work?



- stereotypical perception of Chinese work ethics and African characteristics
- "the Chinese do not rest;"
  "their work cannot be done by human beings;"
- "slow", "inefficient",
  "backward," or simply "lazy."
- learn spirit of hard work



# QuestionsWhat makes up hard work?

Overtime? Heavy load?







#### Punctuality

"Late arrival is delay, early arrival is waste, punctuality is integrity."



#### Authority and Paternalism

"100% cooperation, 100% understanding, 100% implementation and

100% obedience"







Capitalist Logic

pursuit of profit, and forever *renewed* profit, by means of continuous, rational, capitalistic enterprise –Max Weber Industrialization transforms traditional society

Adaptation and Social Integration

capitalism with Chinese characteristics vs. capitalism with African characteristics

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